

Zotes:



BS5837: 2012 - Category Retention Rating

Category U TreesTrees in such a condition that any existing value would be lost within 10 years or being recommended for removal sound antionicultural practice.

Category A Trees Trees of high quality/value with a min. of 40 years life expectancy.

Category B Trees
Trees of moderate quality/value with a min. of 20 years
life expectancy.

Category C Trees
Trees of low quality/value with a min. of 10 years
life expectancy.

Sub Categories

1 - Mainly Arboricultural values
2 - Mainly Landscape valus
3 - Mainly cultural and conservation values.



Tree being retained

Trees being removed directly due to the development layout.

Schedule of events

Tree Re	Remov	Site Monitoring	Tree Protection	Tree Wo Pruning	Site Meeting	Works
Tree Review and Certification	Removal of Tree P rotection	nitoring	otection	Tree Works —Felling & Pruning	eting	
Once all works are complete.	Once all the main construction works are completed and in order to incorporate the area into the finished development.	Ongoing throughout the construction works.	After tree removal and pruning is complete and prior to any construction works commencing. The erection and removal of the protective fencing is to be scheduled in accordance with the phasing of the construction works.	Prior to any construction works commencing.	Prior to any works commencing.	Schedule

Tree Protection Detail

Protective fence detail as per BS 5837 2012. Protective fence line to protect work exclusion zone around trees being work exclusion zone around trees being may be retained. In some areas, the sitte hoarding may be accepted as sufficent to protect root zones of trees to be retained and protected. This is to be agreed with project arborist on site. Detail of singage

The tree protection fencing is to be erected enclosing the root protection areas around the trees being retained as shown on this drawing and appendix 2 in some areas, the site hoading may be sufficient to act as the protective fencing if the tree and its root zone are positioned outside and no works are envised within the area outside the site hoading. This will need to be discussed and agreed at the initial site meeting. the root protection areas drawing and sufficient to act as the

Where tree protection fencing is needed, this will need to be 2.3m high and constructed in accordance with figure 2 of BS 5837 202 (see detail on drawing & appendix 2) using vertical and horizontal scaffold bars or similar well braced together with the verticals spaced out at a maximum of 3m centres. Onto this, well mesh panels (harris fecne panels) are to be securely fixed with wire or well mesh panels (harris fecne panels) are to be securely fixed with wire or

Signs are to be attached to these fences warning people that this is a protective area and that the fencing must be maintained in good condition in accordance with the approved plans and drawings for this development.

Access points need to be installed in each section of fencing to allow for grass and other maintenance works. This should be a section of fencing 3-4m long which can be unlocked and removed with ease to allow access for maintenance At all other times, this to be kept in place and locked.

During the construction works the following is required:

- The main contractor or site manager is to brief all people working on site on the tree protection measures and the procedure if works need to be carried out within these areas.

 Storage of Material, Work Yards and staff car parking- are to be identified on the work drawings prior to the construction works starting. These need to be positioned outside the root protection areas around the trees being retained. The main contractor or site manager is to check the tree protective fencing daily and carry out any repais required to ensure its staysupright and contractor.
- secure.

 The main contractor or site manager is to liase with the projectArboriculturist if and when works are to be carried out close to or within the root protection
- areas around the trees.

 Any works to occur within the protection areas such as landscaping is to be carried out manually with no machinery allowed. All soft and hard landscaping within the Root Protection Area (RPA) of the trees to be retained are to be carried out manually and the soil levels are not to be lowered or raised resulting in root damage to the trees. Recommendations of sections 8 of BS5837 2012 are to be adhered to during the landscaping within the RPA'S of the trees being retained.

 The protective fencing around the trees is to stay in position until all the construction works are complete and are only to be removed following discussions and agreement with the project arborist.

The following is a list of activities that are not allowed within the RPA or within the vicinity of the trees being retained.

- Protect tree root systems from damage caused by runoff or spillage of noxious materials while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. Protect root systems from ponding, eroding, or excessive weiting caused during construction operations.

 Do not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material inside tree protections. When excavating, place excavated soil on opposite side of trees the tree.
- trench away from the tree.

 Do not permit vehicles or foot traffic within tree protection zones; prevent soil
- 0 0 0 0 compaction over root systems.

 Do not allow fires under or adjacent to remaining trees or other plants.

 Do not attach notice boards, cables or other services to any part of the tree.

 Do not use neighbouring trees as anchor points.

 Do not use high machinery such as Tele-porters, cranes or other equipment

- close to trees to avoid damage to the crown or any other parts.

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TITLE: Arboricultural Assessment

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Dwg No.RTH001 Scale 1:500 @A3