# Residential Development at

Ronan Mac Diarmada & Associates

Mount Saint Mary's, Dundrum Dublin 14,

Landscape Architects & Consultants

### LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

On behalf of: Dún Laoghaire-Rathdown County Council

February 2025





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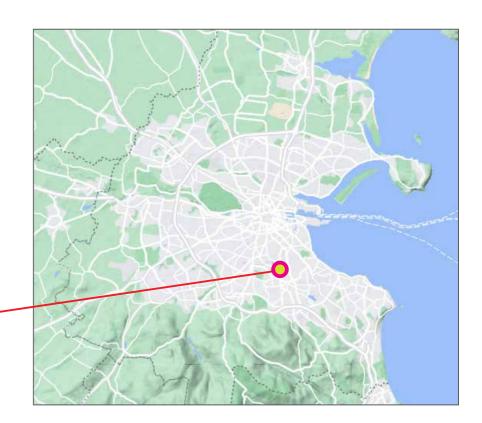


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## **1. SITE CONTEXT**

### Site Location







Subject Lands





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## **2. DESIGN PROPOSAL**

#### Landscape Masterplan



SOFT LANDSCAPE Proposed Tree Planting 150cm ht.

- T1 Amelanchier lamarckii
- T2 Magnolia stellata
- T3 Viburnum opulus
- T4 Acer palmatum
- T5 Rhus typhina
- T6 Prunus avium 'Plena'
- T7 Arbutus unedo
- T8 Malus 'John Downie'^

#### Existing Trees Retained

Proposed Tree Planting 18-20cm girth T9 Pyrus calleryana 'Chanticleer'

- T10 Betula pendula , T11 Fagus sylvatica
- T12 Acer campestre 'Elsrijk'



Existing Trees/Hedgerow Removed

#### G1 Amenity Grass

300mm min. Topsoil depth

#### G2 Amenity Grass - Rear Gardens 300mm topsoil depth

M1 - Wild Flower Meadow

An appropriate dry meadow type with wildflowers for these areas would simulate NVC type MG5. Appropriate herbs for this type of meadow include:

#### S1 - Shrub Planting 450mm tonsoil de

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Code	Species Name	Specification	Plant/m2
Agapanti	hus africanus	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>
Allium ur	rsinum	c/g P9 20-30cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>
^Eryngiu	m 'Bowles' Mauve'	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	5m <sup>2</sup>
Libertia g	grandiflora	c/g 3L 30-40cm ht.	3m <sup>2</sup>
Kniphofia	a 'Royal Standard'	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>
Tulbaghia	a violacea	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	3m <sup>2</sup>

#### S2 - Tree Pit Shrub Planting

Species Name	Specification	Plant/m2	%
Persicaria affine	c/g 1L 20-30cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	50
Astible	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	5
Iris siberica	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	15
Helleborus	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	10
Kniphofia Red Hot Poker	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	15
Carex pendula	c/g 2L 30-40cm ht.	7m <sup>2</sup>	15

#### S3 - Woodland Groundcover Planting Mix

#### Extensive Green Roof

H1 - Native Hedgerow (450n	nm topsoil depth / 100cm Do	uble Staggered R	low)
Species Name	Specification	Centres	%
llex aquifolia	100cm ht.	500mm	50
Crataegus monogyna	100cm ht.	500mm	50
H1 - Structural Hedgerow (4	50mm topsoil depth / 100cm	Single Row)	
Species Name	Specification	Centres	
Prunus lusitanica	100cm ht	500mm	

## Landscape Mood Board























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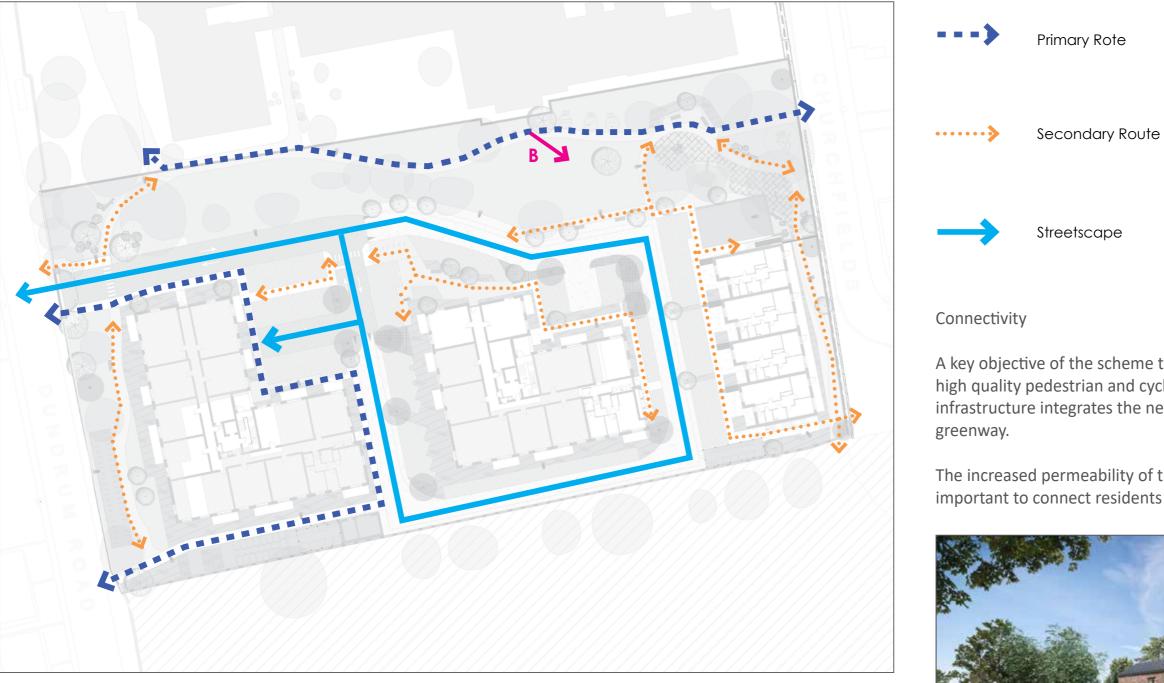
#### Open Space Categories







#### Connectivity Routes



Proposed Open Space - CGI - View B



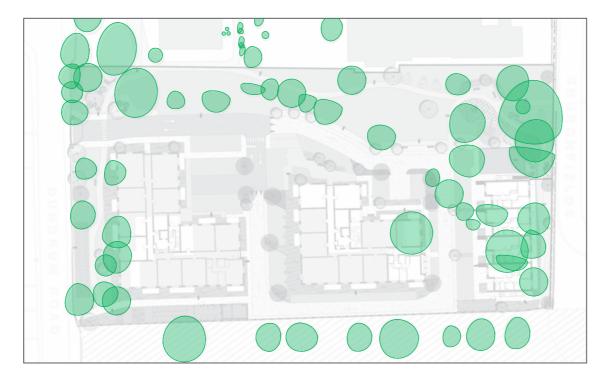


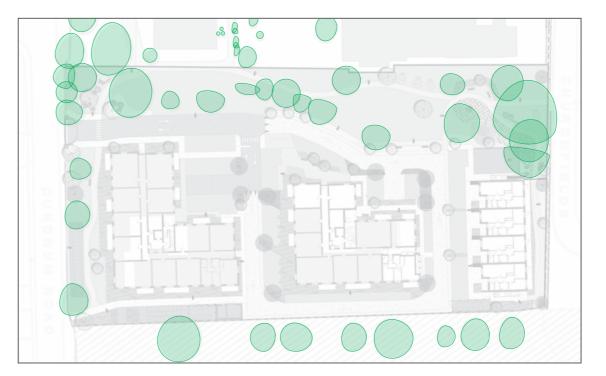
A key objective of the scheme to reduce car dependency by providing high quality pedestrian and cycle networks. The provision of green infrastructure integrates the new development with the existing

The increased permeability of the development it's context is important to connect residents to surrounding opportunities.



### Arboricultural Impact





**EXISTING TREES** 

**RETAINED TREES** 





**PROPOSED TREES** 

**REMOVAL TREES** 





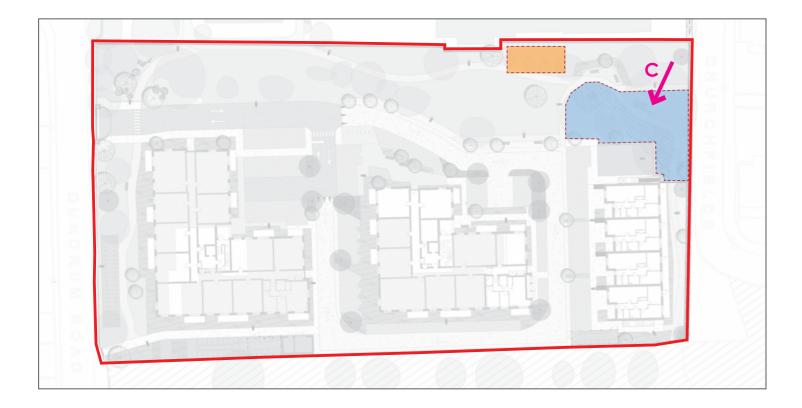
#### Play Amenity Plan



Proposed Play Space - CGI - View C



Calisthenics Space





Benefits of natural play spaces:

- Development of social skills, cooperation, and problem-solving abilities
- Stimulates imagination and creativity more than traditional playgrounds
- Adapts to natural topography and environment for sustainability



Structured Play Space:

- Promotes physical development, coordination, and motor skills in children
- Provides a safe and engaging play environment for children within the residential development







Calisthenics Workout Spaces:

- Allows residents to engage in calisthenics exercises for physical fitness
- Encourages a healthy and active lifestyle within the residential community



Communal Play Spaces:

- Fosters social interaction, community bonding and sense of belonging among residents
- Creates shared spaces for children and families to play and connect

#### Natural Play Elements

#### Junior Play - Under 5 years of age

All surfaces manufactured and installed to EN 1176 and all play equipment manufactured and installed to EN1177



All surfaces manufactured and installed to EN 1176 and all play equipment manufactured and installed to EN1177.



#### Natural Play Equipment

Natural playgrounds help children to develop other beneficial behaviors in addition to physical skills. These behaviors include social skills, cooperation, and the ability to solve problems.

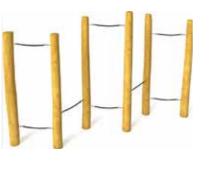




















#### Boundary Treatment Plan



Retained Existing Parkland Fence



Parkland Railing



Stone Wall Pier Varies in Height according to wall



Existing Wall Retained



Butt Wall & Upright Bar Fence 1.8m high





Southern Boundary - CGI - View D





### **3. LANDSCAPE FEATURES**

#### Proposed Planting - Shrubs









Aucuba japonica



Persicaria affine

- Bergenia cordifolia Lil
- Libertia grandiflora

Lavandula angustifolia



Hypericum hidcote



Astellia 'Silver Spear'



Prunus 'Otto luyken'





Nerine bowdenii

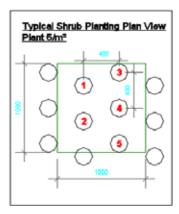


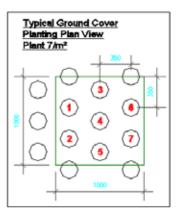
Sedum spectabile



Miscanthus sinensis

Agapanthus 'Blue Giant'



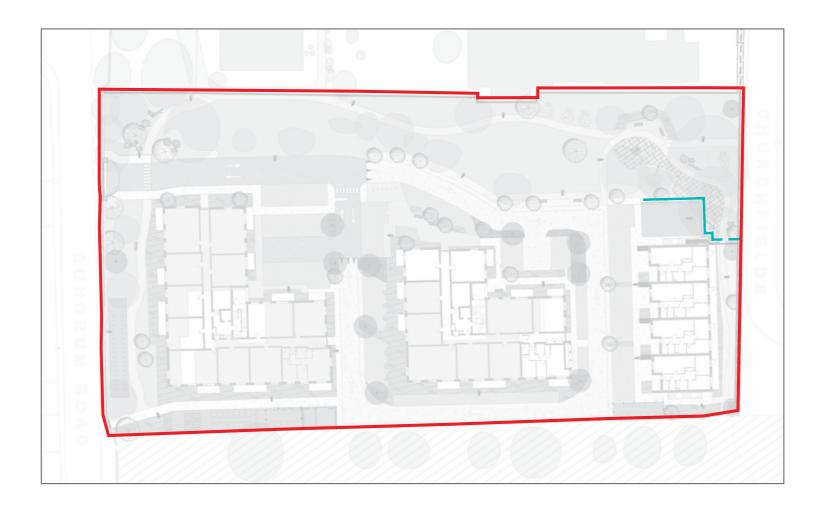




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# Landscape Features

#### Proposed Planting - Hedgerows



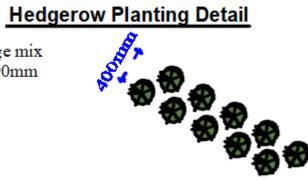


Hedge mix 60-90mm

50 x 50 stake tied with a single rubber gut tie. 2 rows @ 500mm centres -400mm apart,







## Landscape Features

### Proposed Planting - Wildflower



Yellow Rattle Rhinanthus minor



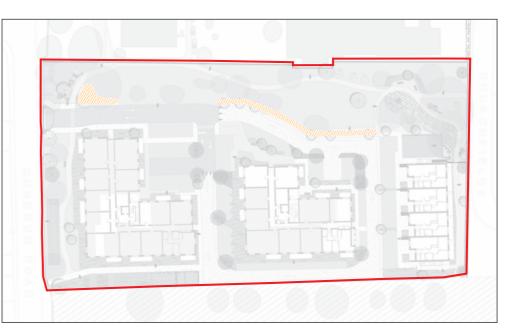
Ribwort plantain Plantago lanceolata



Red clover Trifolium pratense



Bird's-foot trefoil Lotus corniculatus



Meadow buttercup Ranunculus acris



Lady's-bedstraw Galium verum



Cowslip Primula veris



Oxeye daisy Leucanthemum vulgaris

Proposed Wildflower Meadow



Common knapweed Centaura nigra



Common sorrel Rumex acetosa



Burnet saxifrage Pimpinella saxifraga



Autumn hawkbit Leontodon autumnalis



Rough hawkbit Leontodon hispidus





Note: The Wildflower Meadow will need to be cut once in Autumn (Late August/Early September) with a tractor and mower. Leave the mowings for a few days to allow seed to drop to the ground. Then it should be baled and bales removed.

#### Proposed Planting - Woodland Meadow Mix



Dryopteris filix mas



Luzula nivea



Anemone nemerosa



Athyrium filix-femina



Briza media



Carex sylvatica



Deschampsia cespitosa



Polystichum setiferum



Proposed Woodland Meadow

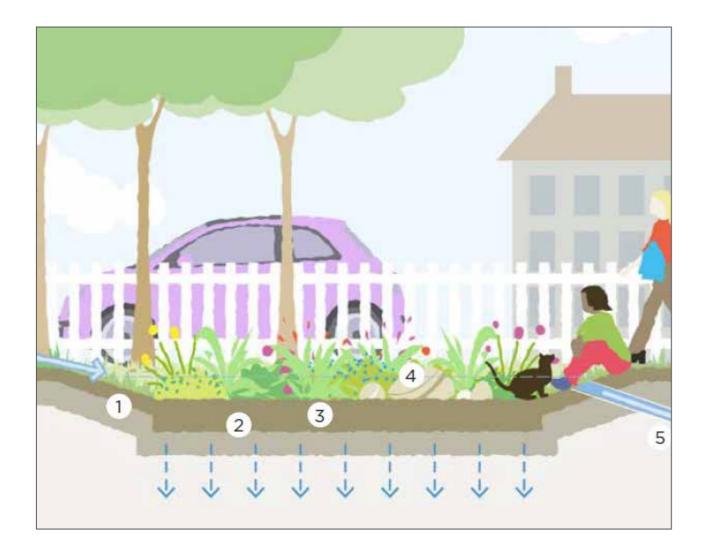






## Landscape Features

#### SUDs - Rain Garden



Rain Garden Locations

Raingardens are designed to collect and manage reasonably clean water from roofs and low pollution risk drives and pathways. They are generally installed where community or private maintenance is available to upkeep these attractive features.

Key aspects of raingarden design include:

- 1. gentle side slopes with water collected at the surface
- 2. a free-draining soil, sometimes with an underdrain to avoid permanent wetness
- 3. a minimum of 450mm improved topsoil with up to 20% coarse compost
- 4. garden plants that can tolerate occasional submersion and wet soil this includes
- most garden plants other than those particularly adapted to dry conditions
- 5. an overflow in case of heavy rain or impeded drainage.







#### Hard Landscape Palette

Furniture Palette



Wooden seating

#### Play Equipment Palette



Play Equipment

- Wooden Log
- Stepping logs
- Balance Beam
- Mound & Slide
- Bird's nesT
- Rope nest swing



Calisthenics Equipment

- incline press
- decline bench
- dip bench
- in shape step up









## Landscape Features

#### Hard Landscape Surfaces

Surface Palette

#### In-situ Surfaces



SMA w/ Black Chip



Brushed exposed agrregate concrete

#### Paths

Surfacing for high impact areas across the development



Ballylusk Dust Path



Play Surfacing

#### Paving Palette

#### **Feature Paving**

Light coloured flags to maximum light w/ contrasting paving blocks







Permeable Paving

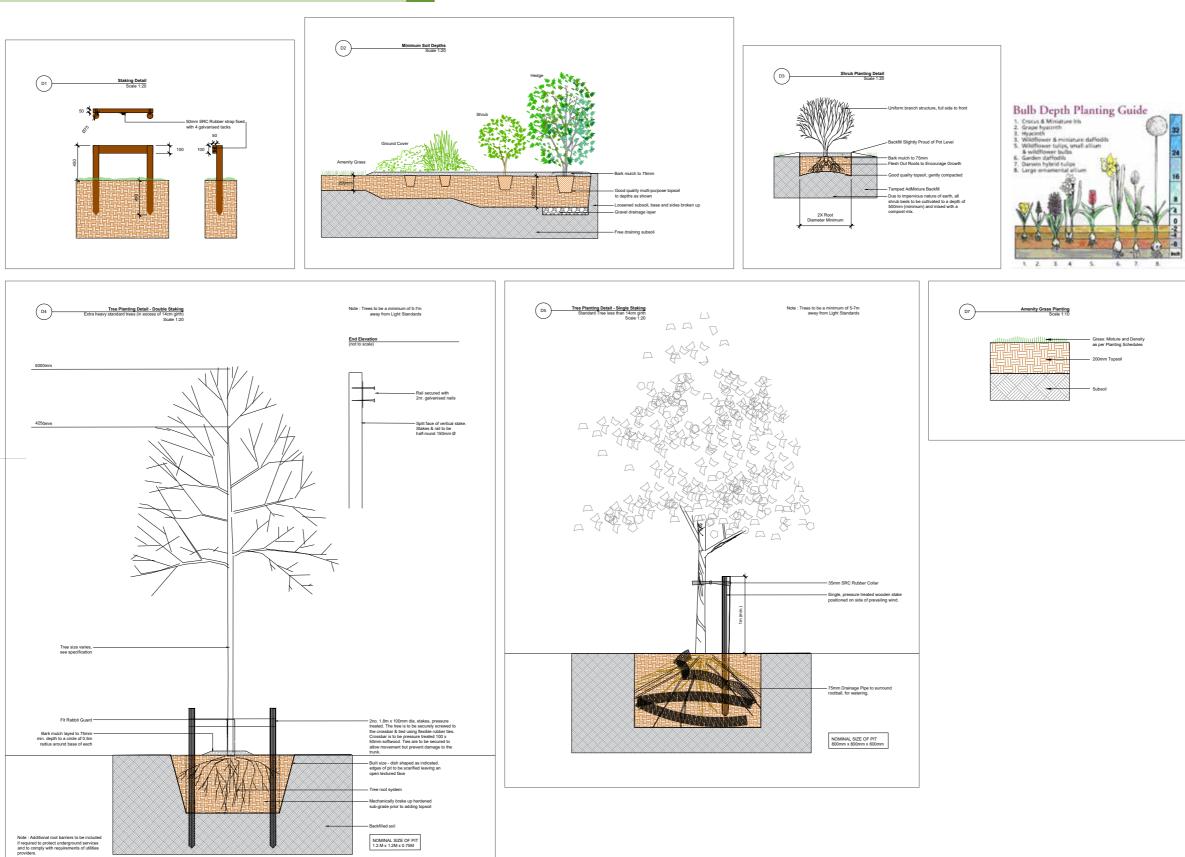
Feature Paving





## 4. DETAIL DESIGN

## Soft Landscape Details



Grass: Mixture and Density as per Planting Schedules
200mm Topsoil
 Subsoil

## Detailed Design

#### Permeable Paving

Permeable surfaces direct rainfall straight into a SuDS structure for cleaning and storage or infiltration into the ground. Utilising:

pervious surface to allow water through the pavement 1. surface

an open-graded sub-base layer that provides structural 2. strength to the pavement with about 30% by volume available for water storage. The subbase designed structurally and hydraulically.

to avoid silt washing off adjacent landscape areas and 3. leading to localised surface clogging., the following measures have been considered:

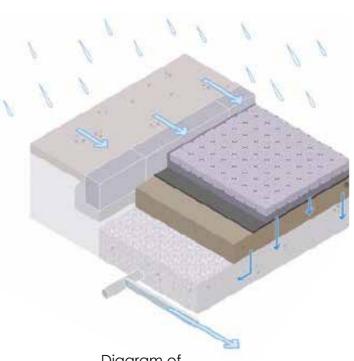
-sloping adjacent landscape areas away,

-using paved or turfed surfaces to adjacent areas,

-proposing soil in adjacent planting beds at min. 50mm below the top of kerb withdense ground cover to bind the soil.



Permeable Parking Pavers



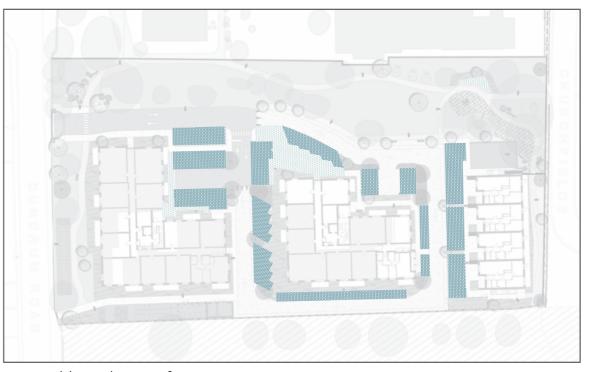
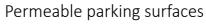
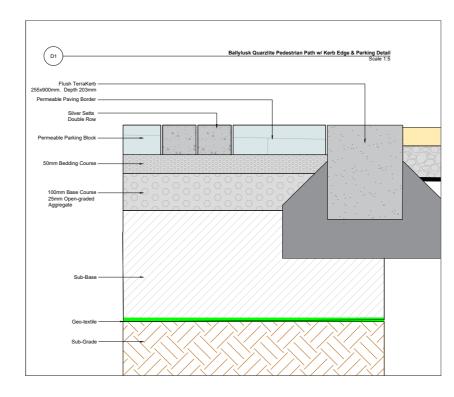
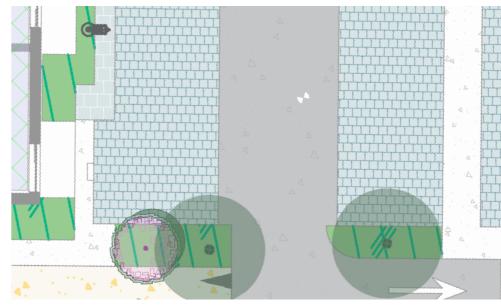


Diagram of Permeable Paving in parking bays







Permeable Parking Pavers





# **Detailed Design**

#### Drainage - Green / Sedum Roof

- The root system: Sedum has very shallow roots, a key requirement for an extensive green roof, considering the modest depth of the substrate layer.
- Sedum is also drought-resistant
- Sedum needs relatively little nutrients and maintenance compared to other types of plant
- Sedum is very resilient to diseases and insects
- Sedum is also very adaptable: due to its capacity to adapt its metabolic system in periods of drought, it can survive in extremely dry conditions where other types of plants would die. And furthermore, Sedum recovers remarkably quickly as soon as water becomes available again.



Green Roof/Sedum Roof

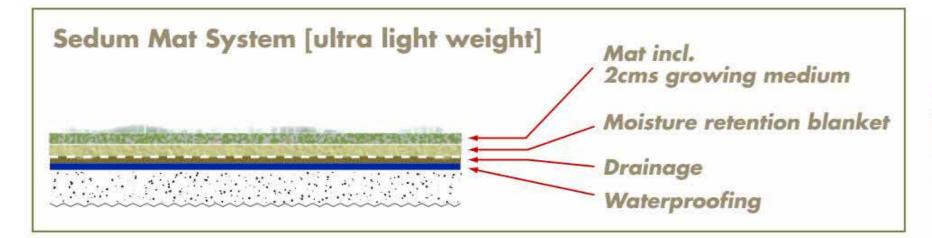


Option 1.



Extensive Vegetation (Sedums, etc.) Growing Media Filter Fabric Moisture Retention / Drainage Panel Insulation Root Barrier Protection Course and Capillary Break Waterproofing Membrane (hot rubberized asphalt depicted) Substrate (concrete deck depicted)

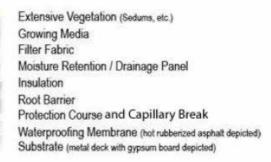












## MULTIDISCIPLINARY DESIGN TEAM



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